

2018 SESSION A: INSTRUCTIONS

Time allowed: 3 hours, with no additional reading time.

Each problem is worth 7 points.

Partial credit may be awarded for an incomplete solution or progress towards a solution.

Instructions for all contestants

- This is a **closed-book** examination. No notes, books, calculators, electronic devices or other aids are allowed.
- Write your solutions in English, using a black or blue pen, on the A4/Letter paper provided. Write on **only one side** of each sheet of paper, leaving margins in case scanning is required.
- In the top left corner of every page, write the competition ID number you have been assigned. Do not write your name, or anything else that could identify you or your university. You may write your ID number before the start of the session.
- In the top right corner of every page, write the problem number it relates to, and the page number within that problem for example, "A3 P2". Each page must relate to only one problem.
- If a particular problem is **not attempted**, a page marked with your competition ID number and the problem number as per the instructions above should be submitted.
- You are permitted to submit more than one attempted solution to a problem, but the pages should all be numbered in one sequence.

Special instructions for pairs

- A pair should make only one submission for each problem. Pages should be labelled with the competition ID number assigned to the pair as well as the page numbering indicated above.
- Make sure that your discussions are not overheard by other contestants.



SIMON MARAIS

MATHEMATICS COMPETITION

2018 SESSION A: PROBLEMS

A1. Call a rectangle *dominant* if it is similar to a 2×1 rectangle.

For which integers $n \geq 5$ is it possible to tile a square with n dominant rectangles, which are not necessarily congruent to each other?

- **A2.** Ada and Byron play a game. First, Ada chooses a non-zero real number a and announces it. Then Byron chooses a non-zero real number b and announces it. Then Ada chooses a non-zero real number c and announces it. Finally, Byron chooses a quadratic polynomial whose three coefficients are a, b, c in some order.
 - (a) Suppose that Byron wins if the quadratic polynomial has a real root and Ada wins otherwise. Determine which player has a winning strategy.
 - (b) Suppose that Ada wins if the quadratic polynomial has a real root and Byron wins otherwise. Determine which player has a winning strategy.
- **A3.** Let y(x) be the unique solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \log_e \frac{y}{x}$$
, where $x > 0$ and $y > 0$,

with the initial condition y(1) = 2018.

How many positive real numbers x satisfy the equation y(x) = 2000?

- A4. For each positive integer n, consider a cinema with n seats in a row, numbered left to right from 1 up to n. There is a cup holder between any two adjacent seats and there is a cup holder on the right of seat n. So seat 1 is next to one cup holder, while every other seat is next to two cup holders. There are n people, each holding a drink, waiting in a line to sit down. In turn, each person chooses an available seat uniformly at random and carries out the following.
 - If they sit next to two empty cup holders, then they place their drink in the left cup holder with probability $\frac{1}{2}$ or in the right cup holder with probability $\frac{1}{2}$.
 - If they sit next to one empty cup holder, then they place their drink in that empty cup holder.
 - If they sit next to zero empty cup holders, then they hold their drink in their hands.

Let p_n be the probability that all n people place their drink in a cup holder.

Determine $p_1 + p_2 + p_3 + \cdots$.